

Stormwater Management Measures Maintenance Plan & Field Manuals

Development Name: Proposed Warehouse

Address: 31 Schoolhouse Road

Block(s) / Lot(s): Block 517.04, Lot 21.03

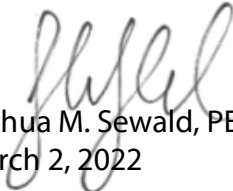
Township, County: Township of Franklin, Somerset County

Party Responsible for Maintenance:

BH 31 SCHOOLHOUSE ROAD, LLC

Address: 55 Talmadge Road
Edison, NJ, 08817

Contact Person(s): Jack Cohen
Phone: (212) 679-2980


Prepared by: Joshua M. Sewald, PE
Date: March 2, 2022

This plan is recorded in

Deed Book # _____ Page # _____ with _____ County Clerk on Date _____

Last Revised on ____/____/____

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Maintenance Logs and Inspection Records

Part I- Maintenance Plan

List of Stormwater Management Measures

The stormwater management measures incorporated into this development are listed below. The corresponding Field Manuals for the stormwater management measures are located in Part II of the Maintenance Plan.

Type of Stormwater Management Measure	Location Description	State Plane Coordinates
Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin A)	Along the Southern property line along Schoolhouse Road	N: 617,574 E: 477,919
Underground Infiltration Basin (Basin B)	Eastern portion of the property below the drive aisle	N: 617,813 E: 477,745
Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin C)	Along the Northern property line	N: 618,119 E: 477,720

Stormwater BMP's may not be used for stockpiling of plowed snow and ice, compost, or any other material.

Location Map



Type of Stormwater Management Measure
Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin A)
Underground Infiltration Basin (Basin B)
Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin C)

Description of Stormwater Management Measures

Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin A)

Design storm: Water Quality Design Storm, 2-year, 10-year & 100-year

- Design Purposes:
 - o Water Quality & Water Quantity
 - o 1.25 inches in 2 hours
 - o 2-year storm (3.34 inches);
 - o 10-year storm (5.01 inches);
 - o 100-year storm (8.21 inches)
- Dimensions: 150 ft x 25 ft x 4 ft

Underground Infiltration Basin (Basin B)

Design storm: Water Quality Design Storm, 2-year, 10-year & 100-year

- Design Purposes:
 - o Water Quantity & Groundwater Recharge
 - o 1.25 inches in 2 hours
 - o 2-year storm (3.34 inches);
 - o 10-year storm (5.01 inches);
 - o 100-year storm (8.21 inches)
- Dimensions: 400 ft x 32 ft x 3 ft

Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin C)

Design storm: Water Quality Design Storm, 2-year, 10-year & 100-year

- Design Purposes:
 - o Water Quality & Water Quantity
 - o 1.25 inches in 2 hours
 - o 2-year storm (3.34 inches);
 - o 10-year storm (5.01 inches);
 - o 100-year storm (8.21 inches)
- Dimensions: 240 ft x 25 ft x 3 ft

Preventative and Corrective Maintenance Action Plan

As per N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(b) & (e), preventative and corrective maintenance shall be performed to maintain the function of the stormwater management measure, including, but not limited to, repairs or replacement to the structure; removal of sediment, debris, or trash; restoration of eroded areas; snow and ice removal; fence repair or replacement; restoration of vegetation; and repair or replacement of non-vegetated linings.

As per NJDEP BMP Manual (Ch. 8 Feb. 2004), maintenance plans should include specific preventative and corrective maintenance tasks such as removal of sediment, trash, and debris; mowing, pruning, and restoration of vegetation; restoration of eroded areas; elimination of mosquito breeding habitats; control of aquatic vegetation; and repair or replacement of damaged or deteriorated components.

As per NJDEP BMP Manual Ch. 8 (Feb. 2004), the maintenance plan should address the maintenance of access points to the stormwater management measures in accordance with the following:

- all components of the stormwater management measures must be readily accessible for inspection and maintenance;
- trees, shrubs, and underbrush must be pruned or trimmed as necessary to maintain access to the stormwater management measure via roadways, paths, and ramps, including paths through perimeter vegetation to permanent pools, aquatic benches, and safety ledges to allow for the inspection and control of mosquito breeding; and
- the exact limits of inspection and maintenance easements and rights-of-way should be specified on stormwater management measure plans and included in the maintenance plan.

Preventative Maintenance Actions

Frequency	Preventative Maintenance Actions
Monthly	Removal and disposal of trash and debris
Quarterly	Quarterly inspection
	Elimination of potential mosquito breeding habitats
	Inspection and sediment removal if accumulation is 6 inches or greater. If less than 6 inches of accumulation, inspection schedule should be modified to semiannual.
Semiannual	Sediment removal
Annual	Basin Structural Inspection
Biennial	Sand layer replacement for sand filter
Unscheduled	Quick inspection after every 1" rain

Corrective Maintenance Actions

Depending on many factors, such as the performance of preventative maintenance actions, weather, or unexpected incidents, corrective maintenance requirements may not be precisely anticipated; however, a list of potential corrective maintenance actions may assist the responsible party in planning and estimating costs in advance.

Potential Corrective Maintenance Actions
- Repair/replacement of eroded or damaged outlet protection
- Parking Area Maintenance
- Repair/Replacement of outlet pipes or orifices

Inspection and Logs of All Preventative and Corrective Maintenance

As per N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(f), the person responsible for maintenance shall maintain a detailed log of all preventative and corrective maintenance for the structural stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of the development, including a record of all inspections and copies of all maintenance-related work orders.

As per NJDEP BMP Manual Ch. 8 (Feb, 2004), a maintenance plan shall include a schedule of regular inspections and tasks, and detailed logs of all preventative and corrective maintenance performed on the stormwater management measure, including all maintenance-related work orders. The person with maintenance responsibility must retain and, upon request, make available the maintenance plan and associated logs and other records for review by a public entity with administrative, health, environmental, or safety authority over the site.

The logs of all inspections, and both preventative and corrective maintenance performed should be attached in the **"Maintenance Logs and Inspection Records"** section. See Part II of the Maintenance Plan

Maintenance Personnel, Equipment, Tools, and Supplies

As per NJDEP BMP Manual Ch. 8 (Feb. 2004), maintenance plans should include equipment, tools, and supplies necessary to perform the various preventative and corrective maintenance tasks specified in the plan. Sources of specialized, proprietary, and nonstandard equipment, tools, and supplies should also be provided.

This section applies to both maintenance tasks that are performed by in-house personnel or are outsourced. The design engineer has to list the required amount of maintenance personnel, equipment, tools, and supplies necessary to perform the various preventative and corrective maintenance tasks specified in the plan. In addition, the sources of specialized, proprietary, and nonstandard equipment, tools and supplies for specific measures, such as manufactured treatment devices should also be listed.

Maintenance Personnel/Equipment/Tools/Supplies

Personnel/Equipment/Tools Name
General Maintenance Crew
Geotechnical Engineer
Lawn Mowers, Trimmers & Edgers
Seed and Fertilizer Spreaders
Hedge Trimmers
Lightweight Backhoe
Portable Pump for Dewatering
Shovels
Rakes

Disposal Plan

As per NJDEP BMP Manual Ch. 8 (Feb. 2004), the maintenance plan should include approved disposal and recycling sites and procedures for sediment, trash, debris and other material removed from stormwater management measures during maintenance operations.

Disposal/Recycling Procedures

Any sediment, trash, debris and other material removed from stormwater management measures during maintenance operations shall be removed from the site by the maintenance crew and disposed of in accordance with all local, state and federal laws.

Cost Estimate

As per N.J.A.C.7:8-5.8(b), cost estimates of maintenance tasks, including, but not limited to, sediment, trash and debris removal must be included in the maintenance plan. Below is an illustration of a cost breakdown and estimation for maintenance of stormwater management measures. The design engineer should estimate the cost based on the expected maintenance required for each stormwater management measure. The actual costs may vary with factors such as local requirements, equipment, personnel, weather, and maintenance methods.

COST ESTIMATES

Cost Overview

Cost Type	Cost
Cost of sediment, trash, and debris removal	\$1,000.00
General cost for routine maintenance	\$4,500.00
General cost – unscheduled maintenance	\$500.00
Infiltration Testing	\$4,500.00
Total cost	\$10,500.00

The owner or association shall be obligated to the costs of any emergency maintenance and/or operation performed by the Township or County.

Safety Measures and Procedures

As per NJDEP BMP Manual Ch. 8 (Feb. 2004), maintenance plans should include procedures and equipment required to protect the safety of inspection and maintenance personnel.

Safety Tools, Equipment and Garments

Safety Tools and Equipment	Responsible Person
Gloves	Maintenance Crew Supervisor
Safety Glasses	Maintenance Crew Supervisor
Hearing Protection	Maintenance Crew Supervisor

Safety Training

Maintenance providers shall be responsible for ensuring applicable safety training has been completed in accordance with applicable OSHA guidelines.

Safety Procedures

Maintenance providers shall be responsible for performing all work in accordance with applicable OSHA guidelines.

Emergency Procedures

Township of Franklin Police/Emergency Services: (732) 873-5533

Fire Prevention: (732) 873-2500 Ext. 6303

The County shall be given emergency access and maintenance rights should the need for emergency maintenance be performed to ensure public safety.

Training Plan and Records

As per NJDEP BMP Manual Ch. 8 (February 2004), maintenance training begins with a basic description of the purpose and function of the overall stormwater management measure and its major components. Such understanding will enable maintenance personnel to provide more effective component maintenance and more readily detect maintenance-related problems. Depending on the size, character, location, and components of each stormwater management measure, maintenance personnel may also require training in specialized inspection and maintenance tasks and/or the operation and care of specialized maintenance equipment. Training should also be provided in the need for and use of all required safety equipment and procedures.

I. Training Plan

Types of Training

- Mandatory Stormwater Management Basic Training and Field Manual Usage Training for new maintenance crews
- Occupational Safety Training
- Subcontractor training, if applicable

Content of Training

- **Stormwater Management Basic Training**
 - Purposes and Functions of BMPs
- Example Training Material
 - NJDEP Stormwater BMP Manual, Chapter Nine: Structural Stormwater Management Measures

More training information is available at NJ Stormwater.org
(<http://www.nj.gov/dep/stormwater/training.htm>)

- Field Manual Usage Training
 - Field Manuals attached to this Maintenance Plan
- Equipment and Tools Operation Training
 - Equipment or tool manufacturer's Operation & Maintenance Manual
- Occupational Safety Training
 - OSHA Training
 - Equipment or tool manufacturer's Operation & Maintenance Manual

II. Training Records

Training attendance sheets should be attached by the responsible party after each training.

Attach training attendance sheets from each training

Annual Evaluation of the Effectiveness of the Plan

As per N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(g), the person responsible for maintenance shall evaluate the effectiveness of the maintenance plan at least once per year and adjust the plan and the deed as needed.

The responsible party should evaluate the effectiveness of the maintenance plan by comparing the maintenance plan with the actual performance of the maintenance. The items to evaluate may include, but not limited to,

- Whether the inspections have been performed as scheduled;
- Whether the preventive maintenance has been performed as scheduled;
- Whether the frequency of preventative maintenance needs to increase or decrease;
- Whether the planned resources were enough to perform the maintenance;
- Whether the repairs were completed on time;
- Whether the actual cost was consistent with the estimated cost;
- Whether the inspection, maintenance, and repair records have been kept.

If actual performance of those items has been deviated from the maintenance plan, the responsible party should find the causes and implement solutions in a revised maintenance plan.

Annual Evaluation Records

Evaluator(s)	Date of Evaluation	Decision
		<input type="checkbox"/> Maintain current version OR <input type="checkbox"/> Revise current version Revision date _____ (also update the last revision date on the cover page) <input type="checkbox"/> Requires a new deed recording (also update the last recording information on the cover page)
		<input type="checkbox"/> Maintain current version OR <input type="checkbox"/> Revise current version Revision date _____ (also update the last revision date on the cover page) <input type="checkbox"/> Requires a new deed recording (also update the last recording information on the cover page)
		<input type="checkbox"/> Maintain current version OR <input type="checkbox"/> Revise current version Revision date _____ (also update the last revision date on the cover page) <input type="checkbox"/> Requires a new deed recording (also update the last recording information on the cover page)

Part II- Field Manuals

Attachment of Field Manuals for Stormwater Management Measures on this Site

As per N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(b)&(e), preventative and corrective maintenance shall be performed to maintain the function of stormwater management measures, including repair or replacement of the structure; removal of sediment, debris or trash; restoration of eroded areas; snow and ice removal; fence repair or replacement; restoration of vegetation; repair or replacement of non-vegetated linings, and removal of rodent/wildlife and repair/restoration to damaged affected areas caused by them.

Each Field Manual attached to this Maintenance Plan is a separate document pertaining to one specific stormwater management measure, and should be used by inspections and maintenance crews in order to carry out the maintenance work required by N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(e).

Field Manual for Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin A)
Field Manual for Underground Infiltration Basin (Basin B)
Field Manual for Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin C)

Maintenance Logs and Inspection Records

As per N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(e), preventative and corrective maintenance shall be performed to maintain the function of the stormwater management measure(s), including repairs or replacement to the structure; removal of sediment, debris, or trash; restoration of eroded areas; snow and ice removal; fence repair or replacement; restoration of vegetation; and repair or replacement of non-vegetated linings.

As per N.J.A.C. 7:8-5.8(f), the person responsible for maintenance shall maintain a detailed log of all preventative and corrective maintenance for the structural stormwater management measures incorporated into the design of the development, including a record of all inspections and copies of all maintenance-related work orders.

The responsible party shall maintain a record of all maintenance actions performed, including:

- Inspection checklists from each performed inspection
- Preventative maintenance logs
- Corrective maintenance logs, including work orders
- Other maintenance records

Aboveground Walled Bioretention Basin (Basin A)

Development Name: Proposed Warehouse

Township, County: Township of Franklin, Somerset County

Location of Basin: N: 617,574; E: 477,919

Location Description: Along the Southern Property Line along Schoolhouse Road

Location Map

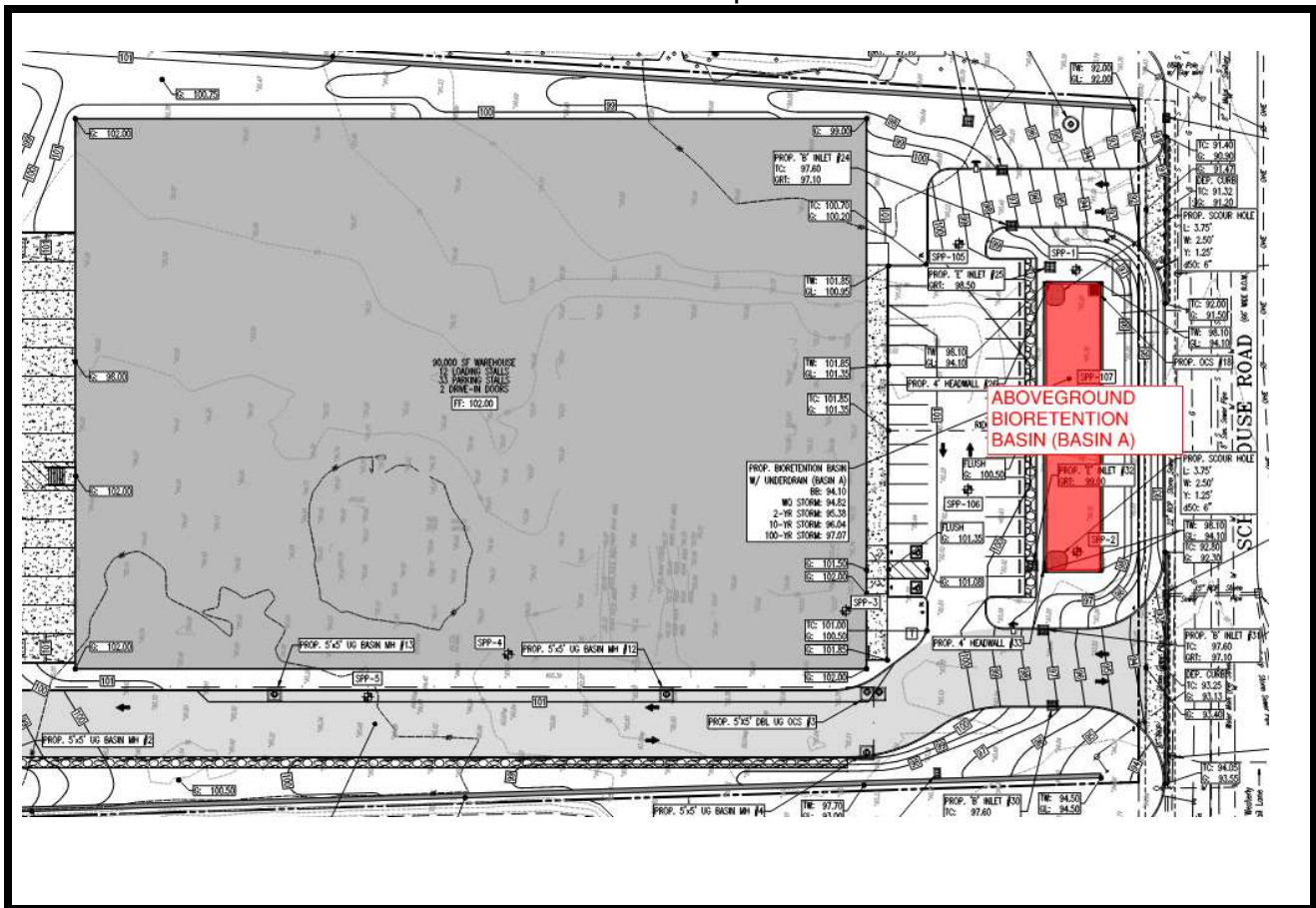


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Bioretention System Overview

Functionality

Bioretention systems are used to remove a wide range of pollutants, such as suspended solids, nutrients, metals, hydrocarbons, and bacteria from stormwater runoff. They can also be used to reduce peak runoff rates and increase stormwater infiltration when designed as a multi-stage, multi-function facility.

A bioretention system can be configured as either a bioretention basin or a longer, narrower bioretention swale. In general, a bioretention basin has a flat bottom while a bioretention swale may have sloping bottom. Runoff storage depths above the soil bed surface are typically shallow. The TSS removal rate for bioretention systems is 80 or 90 percent, depending upon the thickness of the soil planting bed and the type of vegetation grown in the bed. This walled bioretention basin is designed with an underdrain piping system. Therefore, runoff leaves the system via infiltration into the underlying perforated pipes.

Proper care and attention in the long-term maintenance of the stormwater management measure is critically important to the safety and health of the public.

Type of BMP – Dry Basin

A bioretention system is a type of **dry** basin. The design drain time shall be closely monitored to ensure that potential failure is recognized early.

Basic Design Information

Hydrology Design Targets

1. The walled bioretention system is designed as an online system.

Hydraulic Design Targets

1. Design parameters

	Water Quality Design Storm	2-year storm	10-year storm	100-year storm
Rainfall Depth (inches)	1.25 inch in 2 hours	3.34 inches in 24 hours	5.01 inches in 24 hours	8.21 inches in 24 hours
Runoff Volume (cubic feet)	2,705	10,150	17,553	32,867
Peak Flow Rate (cfs)	1.848	2.634	4.575	8.521
Water Surface Elevation (feet)	94.82	95.38	96.04	97.07

Basin Configuration Targets

1. Outlet Information (OCS #18):

Outlet Description	Outlet Type	Orifice Size / Weir Length	Invert Elevation
Outlet #1	Orifice	5" x 11"	94.90
Outlet #2	Weir	4'	96.75
Outlet #3	Weir (ES)	25'	98.00
Outlet #4	Weir (TOB)	25'	98.10

2. Vegetation

- The vegetation type to be used in this bioretention system is (site-tolerant grasses, terrestrial forested community). Please reference the Landscape Plan included with this submission.

3. Underdrain

- The perforated laterals are 4 inches in diameter.

Critical Maintenance Features

1. No heavy equipment on the basin surface.
2. Remove vegetation strictly in accordance with the landscaping plan.
3. Grass clippings shall be collected from the basin and properly disposed.

Inspection Checklist / Maintenance Actions Bioretention System

Checklist (circle one): Quarterly / Annual / Monthly / Special Event Inspection

Checklist No. _____ **Inspection Date:** _____

Date of most recent rain event: _____

Rain Condition (circle one):

Drizzle / Shower / Downpour / Other _____

Ground Condition (circle one):

Dry / Moist / Ponding / Submerged / Snow accumulation

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
A1 Pretreatment (Forebay)	1	Scouring or erosion is present at inlet structure and/or riprap apron	Y__ N__ Work Order # _____
	2	Clogged pipes or excessive sediment in the forebay	Y__ N__ Remove sediment or debris
	3	Damaged outlet structure (e.g., cracking, subsidence, spalling, erosion, or deterioration)	Y__ N__ Work Order # _____
A3 Pretreatment (Structural BMP)	1	BMP inspection	Y__ N__ (See BMP No. _____ Field Manual)

Note:

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
B Basin Bed	1	<p>Standing water is present after the design drain time</p> <p>The observed drain time is approximately _____ hours.</p>	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Recheck to determine if there is standing water after 72 hours</p> <p>If standing water is present longer than 5 days, report to mosquito commission.</p> <p>Remove any sediment buildup</p> <p>Check the soil permeability</p> <p>Till the soil bed with rotary tiller or disc harrow</p> <p>Replace the planting soil, if necessary</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>
	2	Excessive sediment, silt, or trash accumulation on basin bed	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Clean pretreatment system</p> <p>Remove silt, sediment, and trash</p>
	3	Erosion or channelization is present	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Check whether the flow bypass or diversion device is clogged</p> <p>Re-grade the infiltration bed</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>
	4	Animal burrows/rodents are present	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Pest control</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>

Note:

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
B Basin Bed	5	Uneven bed	Y__ N__ Use light equipment to resurface the bed Work Order # _____
	6	Evidence of sinkholes or subsidence	Y__ N__ Monitor for sinkhole development
C Vegetation	1	Large spot(s) showing bare soil	Y__ N__ Vegetative cover must be maintained at 85%. Revegetate the entire basin if 50% or more vegetation has been lost. Check Landscaping plan for guidance (if available) Work Order # _____
	2	Invasive plants are present	Y__ N__ Remove the invasive plants and restore the vegetation in accordance with the landscaping plan Work Order # _____
	3	The vegetation in the basin has been mowed or removed	Y__ N__ Revegetate the system in accordance with the vegetation plan Work Order # _____ Note: The vegetation in a bioretention system should not be mowed or removed
Note:			

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
D Bioretention System Embankment and Side Slopes	1	Signs of erosion, soil slide or bulges, seeps and wet spots, loss of vegetation, or erosion on the basin slope	Y__ N__ Check for excessive overland runoff flow through the embankment. Check for any sink hole development Direct the overland runoff to the forebay or pretreatment area Restabilize the bank Work Order # _____
	2	Overgrown perimeter vegetation	Y__ N__ Mow the vegetation on the perimeter of the embankment Work Order # _____ Note: Mowing of vegetation should only take place in the area outside the basin. Dense vegetation must be maintained in the basin.
E Outlet	1	Trash or debris accumulation more than 20%	Y__ N__ Clean and remove Determine source of trash and address to reduce future maintenance costs or basin failure
	2	Trash rack is damaged or rusted greater than 50%	Y__ N__ Repair or replace trash rack
		Trash rack is bent, loose, or missing parts	Y__ N__ Work Order # _____
	3	Outlet components (e.g., orifice plates or weir plate) skewed, misaligned, or missing	Y__ N__ Repair or replace component Work Order # _____
4	Discharge pipe apron is eroded or scoured	Y__ N__ Restabilize the discharge riprap apron Work Order # _____	
Note:			

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew	
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions	
G Miscellaneous	4	Excessive or overgrown vegetation blocking access to the basin	Y___ N___	Clear, trim, or prune the vegetation to allow access for inspection and maintenance Work Order # _____
Note:				

Follow Up Items (Component No. / Inspection Item No.):

Associated Work Orders: # _____, # _____, # _____, # _____, # _____

Inspector Name

Signature

Date

Report issues to the local authority and mosquito commission as required by local ordinances and regulatory authorities.

File this checklist in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Preventative Maintenance Record

Corresponding Checklist No. _____
 Component No. _____, Inspection Item No. _____

Work Logs

Activities	Components	Date Completed
Sediment/debris removal Sediment removal should be taken place when the basin is thoroughly dry.	A1/A2/A3 – Pretreatment	
	B – Basin Bed	
	E – Outlet	
Vegetation removal	A1/A2/A3 – Pretreatment	
	B – Basin Bed	
	E – Outlet	

Vegetation is removed by _____ (type of equipment) with minimum disruption to the remaining vegetation.

All use of fertilizers, pesticides, mechanical treatments, and other means to ensure optimum vegetation health must not compromise the intended purpose of the stormwater management measure. The fertilizer applied is _____ (type), and _____ (quantity per usage) is applied _____ (frequency of use).

Debris, sediment, and trash are handled (onsite / by _____ (contractor name) to disposal site _____). (See Part I: Maintenance Plan – Disposal Plan Section)

Crew member: _____ / _____ **Date:** _____
(name/ signature)

Supervisor: _____ / _____ **Date:** _____
(name/ signature)

File this Preventative Maintenance Record in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Corrective Maintenance Record

1. Work Order # _____ Date Issued _____

2. Issue to be resolved:

3. The issue was from Corresponding Checklist _____, Component No. _____, Inspection Item No. _____.

4. Required Actions

Actions	Planned Date	Date Completed
Install new bolts to fix the orifice plate		
Repair/replace the trash rack		
Revegetate		
(If there are additional tasks, list them here.)		

5. Responsible person(s):

6. Special requirements

- Time of the season or weather condition : _____
- Tools/equipment: _____
- Subcontractor (name or specific type): _____

Approved by _____ / _____ Date _____
(name/signature)

Verification of completion by _____ / _____ Date _____
(name/signature)

File this Corrective Maintenance Record in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Underground Infiltration Basin (Basin B)

Development Name: Proposed Warehouse

Township, County: Township of Franklin, Somerset County

Location of Basin: N: 617,813; E: 477,745

Location Description: Eastern Portion of the Property Below the Drive Aisle

Location Map

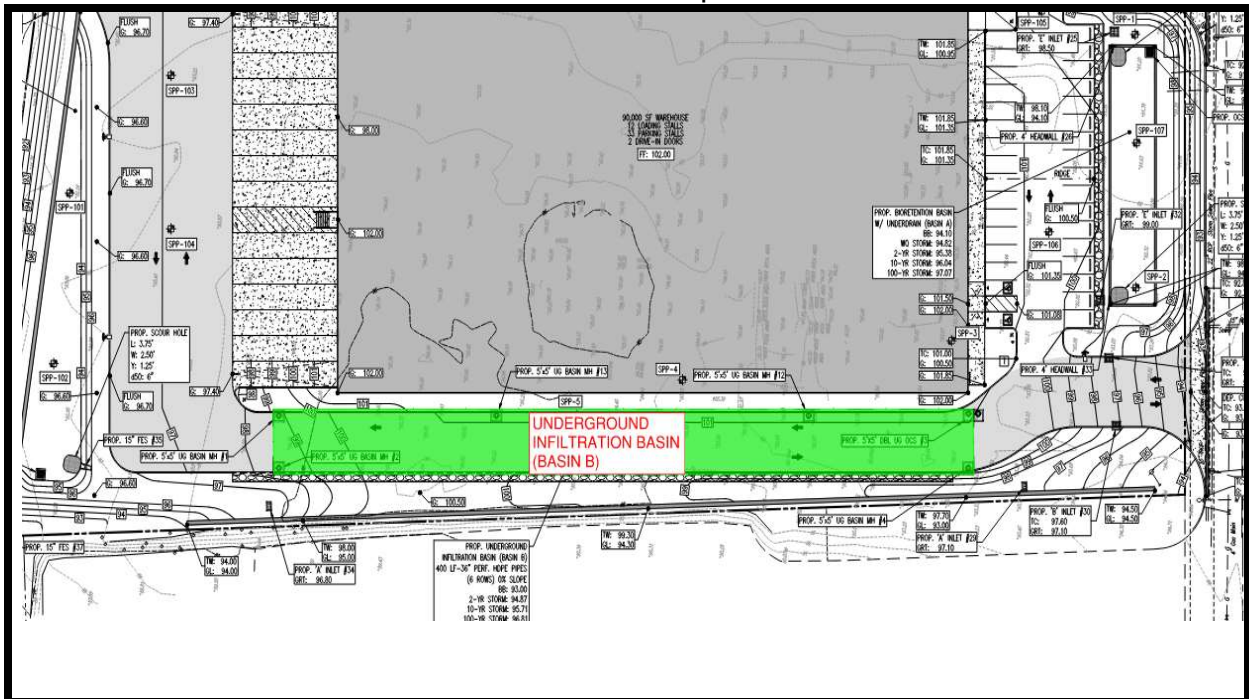


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Underground Infiltration Basin Overview

Functionality

An infiltration basin is a stormwater management facility constructed of highly permeable soils, which provides temporary storage of stormwater runoff. Infiltration basins are used to remove pollutants and to infiltrate stormwater. In addition to pollutant removal and groundwater recharge, infiltration may help to reduce increases in both the peak rate and total runoff volume caused by land development. Pollutant removal is achieved through filtration of the runoff through the soil, as well as biological and chemical activity within the soil. The total suspended solids (TSS) removal rate attributed to infiltration basins is 80%.

Proper care and attention in the long-term maintenance of the stormwater management measure is critically important to the safety and health of the public.

Type of BMP – Infiltration Basin

An infiltration basin is a type of *dry* basin. Dry basins must fully drain within 72 hours of the most recent rainfall. Standing water in excess of 72 hours is a sign of basin failure. It may also contribute to mosquito breeding and other health and safety issues. The design drain time shall be closely monitored to ensure that potential failure is recognized early.

Basic Design Information

Hydrology Design Targets

1. The elevation of the seasonal high-water table of this basin was observed on 02/23/2022 and it was 2.00 feet below the basin bottom surface, at EL. 91.00 feet.
2. This basin will be discharged to the existing conveyance system within Schoolhouse Road.

Hydraulic Design Targets

1. This basin is designed to infiltrate the runoff from the Water Quality Design Storm, which generates 7,288 cubic feet of runoff.
2. The water surface elevation during the water quality design storm is at EL. 94.06 feet.

Basin Configuration Targets

1. The basin bottom contains stone storage.
 - The depth of stone storage shall be 6 inches at which is at EL. 93.00 feet.
2. Vegetation
 - The bottom of basin is designed to have no vegetation.

Inspection Checklist / Maintenance Actions Underground Infiltration Basin

Checklist (circle one): Quarterly / Annual / Monthly / Special Event Inspection

Checklist No. _____

Inspection Date: _____

Date of most recent rain event: _____

Rain Condition (circle one):

Drizzle / Shower / Downpour / Other _____

Ground Condition (circle one):

Dry / Moist / Ponding / Submerged / Snow accumulation

	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
Component No. Component Name	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
A Pretreatment (Forebay)	1 Clogged pipes or excessive sediment in the forebay	Y__ N__	Remove sediment or debris

Note:

	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
Component No. Component Name	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.		Result
			Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
B Infiltration Bed	1	<p>Standing water is present after the design drain time</p> <p>The observed drain time is approximately _____ hours.</p>	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Recheck to determine if there is standing water after 72 hours</p> <p>If standing water is present longer than 5 days, report to mosquito commission.</p> <p>Remove any sediment buildup</p> <p>Replace the sand layer.</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>

Note:

	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
Component No. Component Name	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
B Infiltration Bed	3	Erosion or channelization is present	Y__ N__ Check whether the flow bypass or diversion device is clogged Re-grade the infiltration bed Work Order # _____
	4	Animal burrows/rodents are present	Y__ N__ Pest control Work Order # _____
	5	Uneven bed	Y__ N__ Use light equipment to resurface the bed Work Order # _____
	6	Evidence of sinkholes or subsidence	Y__ N__ Monitor for sinkhole development

Note:

	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
Component No. Component Name	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
C Outlet	1	Trash or debris accumulation more than 20%	Y__ N__ Clean and remove Determine source of trash and address to reduce future maintenance costs or basin failure
	2	Outlet components (e.g., orifice plates or weir plate) skewed, misaligned, or missing	Y__ N__ Repair or replace component Work Order # _____
	3	Discharge pipe apron is eroded or scoured	Y__ N__ Restabilize the discharge riprap apron Work Order # _____
	4	Standing water is present in the outlet structure longer than 72 hours	Y__ N__ Pump out the standing water Work Order # _____

Note:

Follow Up Items (Component No. / Inspection Item No.):

Associated Work Orders: # _____, # _____, # _____, # _____, # _____

Inspector Name	Signature	Date
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Report issues to the local authority and mosquito commission as required by local ordinances and regulatory authorities, if standing water is present longer than 5 days.

File this checklist in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Preventative Maintenance Record

Corresponding Checklist No. _____
 Component No. _____, Inspection Item No. _____

Work Logs

Activities	Components	Date Completed
Sediment/debris removal Sediment removal should take place when the basin is thoroughly dry	A – Pretreatment	
	B – Infiltration Bed	
	C – Outlet	
Vegetation removal	A – Pretreatment	
	B – Infiltration Bed	
	C – Outlet	

Vegetation is removed by _____ (type of equipment) with minimum disruption to the remaining vegetation.

All use of fertilizers, pesticides, mechanical treatments, and other means to ensure optimum vegetation health must not compromise the intended purpose of the stormwater management measure. The fertilizer applied is _____ (type), and _____ (quantity per usage) is applied _____ (frequency of use).

Debris, sediment, and trash are handled (onsite / by _____ (contractor name) to disposal site _____).

Crew member: _____ / _____ **Date:** _____
(name/ signature)

Supervisor: _____ / _____ **Date:** _____
(name/ signature)

File this Preventative Maintenance Record in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Corrective Maintenance Record

1. **Work Order #** _____ **Date Issued** _____

2. **Issue to be resolved:**

3. The issue was from **Corresponding Checklist No.** _____, **Component No.** _____, **Inspection Item No.** _____.

4. **Required Actions**

Actions	Planned Date	Date Completed

5. **Responsible person(s):**

6. **Special requirements**

- Time of the season or weather condition: _____
- Tools/equipment: _____
- Subcontractor (name or specific type): _____

Approved by _____ / _____ **Date** _____
(name/signature)

Verification of completion by _____ / _____ **Date** _____
(name/signature)

File this Corrective Maintenance Record in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Aboveground Bioretention Basin (Basin C)

Development Name: Proposed Warehouse

Township, County: Township of Franklin, Somerset County

Location of Basin: N: 618,119; E: 477,720

Location Description: Along the Northern Property Line

Location Map

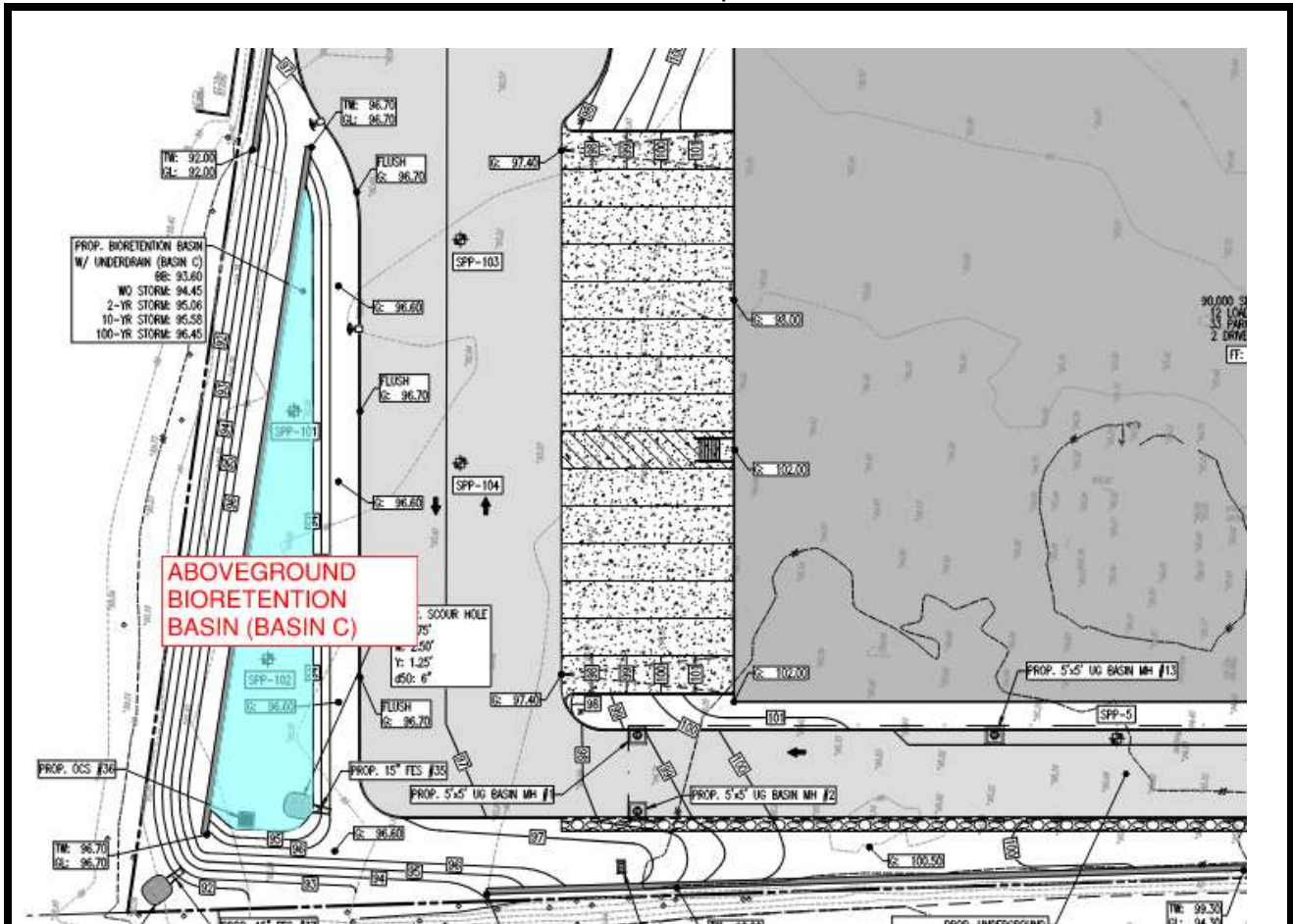


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Bioretention System Overview

Functionality

Bioretention systems are used to remove a wide range of pollutants, such as suspended solids, nutrients, metals, hydrocarbons, and bacteria from stormwater runoff. They can also be used to reduce peak runoff rates and increase stormwater infiltration when designed as a multi-stage, multi-function facility.

A bioretention system can be configured as either a bioretention basin or a longer, narrower bioretention swale. In general, a bioretention basin has a flat bottom while a bioretention swale may have sloping bottom. Runoff storage depths above the soil bed surface are typically shallow. The TSS removal rate for bioretention systems is 80 or 90 percent, depending upon the thickness of the soil planting bed and the type of vegetation grown in the bed. This walled bioretention basin is designed with an underdrain piping system. Therefore, runoff leaves the system via infiltration into the underlying perforated pipes.

Proper care and attention in the long-term maintenance of the stormwater management measure is critically important to the safety and health of the public.

Type of BMP – Dry Basin

A bioretention system is a type of **dry** basin. The design drain time shall be closely monitored to ensure that potential failure is recognized early.

Basic Design Information

Hydrology Design Targets

1. The walled bioretention system is designed as an online system.

Hydraulic Design Targets

1. Design parameters

	Water Quality Design Storm	2-year storm	10-year storm	100-year storm
Rainfall Depth (inches)	1.25 inch in 2 hours	3.34 inches in 24 hours	5.01 inches in 24 hours	8.21 inches in 24 hours
Runoff Volume (cubic feet)	3,251	11,258	18,332	32,493
Peak Flow Rate (cfs)	2.338	2.960	4.785	8.396
Water Surface Elevation (feet)	94.44	95.07	95.56	96.40

Basin Configuration Targets

1. Outlet Information (OCS #36):

Outlet Description	Outlet Type	Orifice Size / Weir Length	Invert Elevation
Outlet #1	Orifice	3" x 5"	94.55
Outlet #2	Orifice	3" x 12"	95.10
Outlet #3	Weir	3'	96.10
Outlet #4	Weir (TOB)	16'	96.50
Outlet #5	Weir (ES)	25'	96.60

2. Vegetation

- The vegetation type to be used in this bioretention system is (site-tolerant grasses, terrestrial forested community). Please reference the Landscape Plan included with this submission.

3. Underdrain

- The perforated laterals are 4 inches in diameter.

Critical Maintenance Features

1. No heavy equipment on the basin surface.
2. Remove vegetation strictly in accordance with the landscaping plan.

3. Grass clippings shall be collected from the basin and properly disposed.

**Inspection Checklist / Maintenance Actions
Bioretention System**

Checklist (circle one): Quarterly / Annual / Monthly / Special Event Inspection

Checklist No. _____ **Inspection Date:** _____

Date of most recent rain event: _____

Rain Condition (circle one):

Drizzle / Shower / Downpour / Other _____

Ground Condition (circle one):

Dry / Moist / Ponding / Submerged / Snow accumulation

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
A1 Pretreatment (Forebay)	1	Scouring or erosion is present at inlet structure and/or riprap apron	Y__ N__ Work Order # _____
	2	Clogged pipes or excessive sediment in the forebay	Y__ N__ Remove sediment or debris
	3	Damaged outlet structure (e.g., cracking, subsidence, spalling, erosion, or deterioration)	Y__ N__ Work Order # _____
A3 Pretreatment (Structural BMP)	1	BMP inspection	Y__ N__ (See BMP No. _____ Field Manual)

Note:

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
B Basin Bed	1	<p>Standing water is present after the design drain time</p> <p>The observed drain time is approximately _____ hours.</p>	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Recheck to determine if there is standing water after 72 hours</p> <p>If standing water is present longer than 5 days, report to mosquito commission.</p> <p>Remove any sediment buildup</p> <p>Check the soil permeability</p> <p>Till the soil bed with rotary tiller or disc harrow</p> <p>Replace the planting soil, if necessary</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>
	2	Excessive sediment, silt, or trash accumulation on basin bed	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Clean pretreatment system</p> <p>Remove silt, sediment, and trash</p>
	3	Erosion or channelization is present	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Check whether the flow bypass or diversion device is clogged</p> <p>Re-grade the infiltration bed</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>
	4	Animal burrows/rodents are present	<p>Y__</p> <p>N__</p> <p>Pest control</p> <p>Work Order # _____</p>

Note:

	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
Component No. Component Name	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.		Result Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
B Basin Bed	5	Uneven bed	Y__ N__ Use light equipment to resurface the bed Work Order # _____
	6	Evidence of sinkholes or subsidence	Y__ N__ Monitor for sinkhole development
C Vegetation	1	Large spot(s) showing bare soil	Y__ N__ Vegetative cover must be maintained at 85%. Revegetate the entire basin if 50% or more vegetation has been lost. Check Landscaping plan for guidance (if available) Work Order # _____
	2	Invasive plants are present	Y__ N__ Remove the invasive plants and restore the vegetation in accordance with the landscaping plan Work Order # _____
	3	The vegetation in the basin has been mowed or removed	Y__ N__ Revegetate the system in accordance with the vegetation plan Work Order # _____ Note: The vegetation in a bioretention system should not be mowed or removed
Note:			

Component No. Component Name	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew
	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.	Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
D Bioretention System Embankment and Side Slopes	1	Signs of erosion, soil slide or bulges, seeps and wet spots, loss of vegetation, or erosion on the basin slope	Y__ N__ Check for excessive overland runoff flow through the embankment. Check for any sink hole development Direct the overland runoff to the forebay or pretreatment area Restabilize the bank Work Order # _____
	2	Overgrown perimeter vegetation	Y__ N__ Mow the vegetation on the perimeter of the embankment Work Order # _____ Note: Mowing of vegetation should only take place in the area outside the basin. Dense vegetation must be maintained in the basin.
E Outlet	1	Trash or debris accumulation more than 20%	Y__ N__ Clean and remove Determine source of trash and address to reduce future maintenance costs or basin failure
	2	Trash rack is damaged or rusted greater than 50%	Y__ N__ Repair or replace trash rack
		Trash rack is bent, loose, or missing parts	Y__ N__ Work Order # _____
	3	Outlet components (e.g., orifice plates or weir plate) skewed, misaligned, or missing	Y__ N__ Repair or replace component Work Order # _____
4	Discharge pipe apron is eroded or scoured	Y__ N__ Restabilize the discharge riprap apron Work Order # _____	
Note:			

	For Inspector		For Maintenance Crew	
Component No. Component Name	Inspection Item and Inspection Item No.		Result	Preventative / Corrective Maintenance Actions
G Miscellaneous	4	Excessive or overgrown vegetation blocking access to the basin	Y___ N___	Clear, trim, or prune the vegetation to allow access for inspection and maintenance Work Order # _____
Note:				

Follow Up Items (Component No. / Inspection Item No.):

Associated Work Orders: # _____, # _____, # _____, # _____, # _____

Inspector Name

Signature

Date

Report issues to the local authority and mosquito commission as required by local ordinances and regulatory authorities.

File this checklist in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Preventative Maintenance Record

Corresponding Checklist No. _____
 Component No. _____, Inspection Item No. _____

Work Logs

Activities	Components	Date Completed
Sediment/debris removal Sediment removal should be taken place when the basin is thoroughly dry.	A1/A2/A3 – Pretreatment	
	B – Basin Bed	
	E – Outlet	
Vegetation removal	A1/A2/A3 – Pretreatment	
	B – Basin Bed	
	E – Outlet	

Vegetation is removed by _____ (type of equipment) with minimum disruption to the remaining vegetation.

All use of fertilizers, pesticides, mechanical treatments, and other means to ensure optimum vegetation health must not compromise the intended purpose of the stormwater management measure. The fertilizer applied is _____ (type), and _____ (quantity per usage) is applied _____ (frequency of use).

Debris, sediment, and trash are handled (onsite / by _____ (contractor name) to disposal site _____). (See Part I: Maintenance Plan – Disposal Plan Section)

Crew member: _____ / _____ **Date:** _____
(name/ signature)

Supervisor: _____ / _____ **Date:** _____
(name/ signature)

File this Preventative Maintenance Record in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Corrective Maintenance Record

1. **Work Order #** _____ **Date Issued** _____

2. **Issue to be resolved:**

3. The issue was from **Corresponding Checklist** _____, **Component No.** _____, **Inspection Item No.** _____.

4. Required Actions

Actions	Planned Date	Date Completed
Install new bolts to fix the orifice plate		
Repair/replace the trash rack		
Revegetate		
(If there are additional tasks, list them here.)		

5. **Responsible person(s):**

6. Special requirements

- Time of the season or weather condition : _____
- Tools/equipment: _____
- Subcontractor (name or specific type): _____

Approved by _____ / _____ **Date** _____
(name/signature)

Verification of completion by _____ / _____ **Date** _____
(name/signature)

File this Corrective Maintenance Record in the Maintenance Log after performing maintenance.

Stormwater Management Measures Maintenance Plan

Maintenance Logs and Inspection Records

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Inspection Checklist Log

1. The responsible party shall report issues to the local authority and mosquito commission as required by local ordinances and regulatory authorities.
2. The maintenance crew should fill out the checklist in the field manual when performing each inspection/maintenance task.
3. After the maintenance task is performed, the checklist should be filed in the Maintenance Plan and recorded in the log below.

Cycle of Inspection	Stormwater Management Measure No.	Checklist No.	Date(s) of Inspection

Cycle of Inspection	Stormwater Management Measure No.	Checklist No.	Date(s) of Inspection

Preventative Maintenance Log

Maintenance Schedule	Stormwater Management Measure No.	Preventative Maintenance Record No.	Date(s) of Maintenance

Corrective Maintenance Log

Maintenance Schedule	Stormwater Management Measure No.	Corrective Maintenance Record No.	Date(s) of Maintenance